

TUESDAY, MAY 10. 1743.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Petersbourg, April 23.



His Imperial Majesty has published an Edict to regulating the Conduct of the Guards, wherein, after setting the many Disorders they have lately occasioned, and the Marks, from time to time, given of her Royal Clemency towards them, she declares that, for the future, they are to be treated as strict Examples of Justice, to be the Basis of any Misdemeanours for the future; her Majesty being resolved, that the Laws shall be observed with equal Strictness by all her Subjects.

Stockholm, May 4. Baron Nolchen returns To-morrow to the new Levies of the Militia is entirely worn out, both here and in the Country. It is true, that there has been no counter Order, but they venture, however, to let such of the Militia as desire it, have Leave to return home, on their Promise to return upon the first Notice. The Courier dispatch'd hither by the English Admiral Matthews, occasion'd a mighty Ferment in the Council, wherein a certain Duke, warmly affected to the Royal Family, deliver'd himself thus in the King's Presence. I wish well to my Country, and desire to see it flourish under the present Government; which it can never do, but by a steady Adherence to Peace. The March even of the Spanish Troops in his Majesty's Service must necessarily occasion the Flames of War to spread into his Majesty's Dominions, where, I am afraid, they will find too much combustible Matter to prey upon. As for any Assistance from Spain, it is a vain Thing to expect it. The last Advices from thence say, that besides a Foreign War, which he is little able to support, they are threatened with Civil Commotions in Catalonia. Other Lords having strongly supported the same Sentiments, a Resolution was taken on the Debate, to persist in the exact Observance of the Neutrality, and to return this as an Answer to Admiral Matthews, on the Faith of a King. Some People ascribe this Resolution to a Memorial presented by the Saxon Ambassador, in which he besought his Majesty to consider, that the Queen was very near her Time, and that by any rash Step, he might risk at once his Kingdom, and the Hopes of a Successor thereto.

Naples, April 23. The Heat with which we carried on the new Levies of the Militia is entirely worn out, both here and in the Country. It is true, that there has been no counter Order, but they venture, however, to let such of the Militia as desire it, have Leave to return home, on their Promise to return upon the first Notice. The Courier dispatch'd hither by the English Admiral Matthews, occasion'd a mighty Ferment in the Council, wherein a certain Duke, warmly affected to the Royal Family, deliver'd himself thus in the King's Presence. I wish well to my Country, and desire to see it flourish under the present Government; which it can never do, but by a steady Adherence to Peace. The March even of the Spanish Troops in his Majesty's Service must necessarily occasion the Flames of War to spread into his Majesty's Dominions, where, I am afraid, they will find too much combustible Matter to prey upon. As for any Assistance from Spain, it is a vain Thing to expect it. The last Advices from thence say, that besides a Foreign War, which he is little able to support, they are threatened with Civil Commotions in Catalonia. Other Lords having strongly supported the same Sentiments, a Resolution was taken on the Debate, to persist in the exact Observance of the Neutrality, and to return this as an Answer to Admiral Matthews, on the Faith of a King. Some People ascribe this Resolution to a Memorial presented by the Saxon Ambassador, in which he besought his Majesty to consider, that the Queen was very near her Time, and that by any rash Step, he might risk at once his Kingdom, and the Hopes of a Successor thereto.

Bologna, May 1. The Spanish Army being in great Want of Subsistence, are on the Point of marching from Rimini farther into the Country. Count Traun has written a Letter to Count Aldrovandi, which has thrown us into a terrible Fright. In this he says, that having as yet received no Countermand of the first Orders he had from Vienna, he finds himself obliged, how contrary soever to his Inclinations, to treat this Country as he has already been constrained.

Ferrara, May 2. On the 20th of last Month General Pertusati gave a grand Entertainment, at the Convent of St. George, to several Noblemen and Ladies in the Interest of the House of Austria. The Whole was conducted with the greatest Elegance; but what was particularly taken Notice of, was the superb Plate of his Excellency, the first Course being brought up in 50 Plates of Gold. Yesterday and the Day before we exposed all the Relicks in this City, and made solemn Processions, in order to implore the Assistance of the Divine Providence, in removing out of our Territories the Foreign Troops at present here; and this with good Reason, since they have lately levied 15,000 Ducats in Corn, which they have sent to Mantua, and have sent us Word, that next Week they will begin to drive off all our Cattle, in case we do not make up the Sum of 100,000 Crowns, which they demanded on their first coming hither. This Morning the Austrians carried 40 Waggon Load of wounded Spaniards to Forli, in order to their being exchanged, and the Spanish Guard having taken no Care to provide Quarters for their wounded Men, the Germans who escorted them were so much provoked at it,

that they drubbed them heartily, for which they were thank'd by M. de Gages.

Vienna, May 4. On the 30th of last Month a Decree from her Majesty was publish'd here, by which a Tax of 10 per Cent. is imposed on the Stock of the Bank, and of all other Publick Funds. Immediately after her Coronation the Queen will ratify by her Assent the Cession of Silesia and its Dependencies to his Prussian Majesty, which will be delivered to the Earl of Hyndford. His Prussian Majesty has lately thought fit to acquaint the Court of his own Motive, that he will not attempt to restrain the Progress of her Majesty's Arms on any Side; but, on the contrary, if Things should take a certain Turn, he would assist her with all his Forces. This Turn is understood to be Marshal Noailles acting offensively with the French Troops under his Command. The Commission for Forfeited Estates at Prague, has already raised three Millions.

Kannath, May 5. On Thursday last arrived an Austrian Detachment, who, in the Space of three Quarters of an Hour, levied 18,000 Florins, on Account of the late Dispute. They were scarce out of the Town, before another Detachment arrived, who said they had Orders from Prince Lobkowitz, to see the Process immediately made of the Townsmen arrested here for beating some German Soldiers. This, in all Probability, would have ended very indifferently for the poor Creatures in Prison, but very happily for them, just as they were brought out of Prison, the French in their Return from Egra, enter'd the other End of the Town, which oblig'd the Austrians to retire with Precipitation.

Stadtamboff, May 9. Part of the French Troops that were at Donawert, are defiled towards the Iser; and on the other Hand, a Body of Troops is arrived here from the Iser, in their Way towards Berglenfeldt, in order to protect that, and the adjacent Posts, from being attacked by Prince Lobkowitz, who has it undoubtedly in View to make us speedily a Visit. We have received six new Pieces of Cannon, which, with what we had before, compleats our Train to 27; but we conceive that they will be shortly disposed of to furnish the Batteries on the Mount of the Trinity, and elsewhere.

Paffau, May 6. The Queen of Hungary's Army assembled on the 25th, and the next Day they threw three Bridges over the Inn, and passed that River; upon which the Hessian and Palatine Troops, which had Quarters in the Archbishoprick of Saltzbourg, abandon'd them immediately, and retired towards the Army of Veldt Marshal Seckendorff with great Precipitation. The Enemy are assembling about Braunau, and threaten to attack Scarding, which, if they do, it will undoubtedly induce a Battle.

Frankfort, May 12. The County of Hanau is full of English Troops, who observe a very exact Discipline. Our Regency have wrote a very submissive Letter to the Earl of Stair, and have offer'd him all the Service in their Power. The French Troops are very near them, but most People are of Opinion that the latter have no Orders to act offensively; and indeed, according to the best Accounts, they are not numerous enough to execute such Orders, if they had.

Hague, May 17. The Duke of Cumberland arrived here on the 14th, very early in the Morning, and took up his Quarters in the House of the Earl of Stair; he dined the same Day at Mr. Trevor's with Prince Waldeck, Count Golofskin, Baron Reischach, and several other Persons of Distinction. In the Evening he was at the French Playhouse, and saw the *Cid*. On the 15th Mr. Trevor gave a grand Entertainment. On the 16th his Royal Highness was again at the Playhouse, and saw a new Comedy, call'd *Harlequin a Savage*. He sup'd that Evening with Count Golofskin, and this Morning he set out for Amsterdam, from whence he will go to the Army. The States of Zealand have consented to the March of 20,000 Men for the Service of the Queen of Hungary, and the Consent of the Province of Groningen is expected To-morrow; after which their High Mightinesses will assemble, in order to take their final Resolution on that Affair.

COUNTRY NEWS.

Bristol, May 7. Thursday last were committed to Newgate, James Hoskins, and Joseph Field (the one a Native of the City of Gloucester, and the other of Ludlow in Shropshire) the first being charg'd on Oath with feloniously perpetrating the Act of Sodomy on the Body of one Edward Bright, (whose Life they threaten'd in case he made any Resistance) and the other with feloniously aiding and abetting the said Hoskins to perpetrate the same, in the Parish of St. James in this City.

Normich, April 7. Sunday last being May-Day, Al-

derman Nafmith and Alderman Black were returned by the Women to the Court of Aldermen, who made Choice of the former to be Mayor of this City for the Year ensuing.

On Monday Robert Britiffe, Esq; Recorder, resign'd that Office, and on Tuesday his Resignation was read at an Assembly; after which William Brooke, Esq; late Secretary, was unanimously chosen Recorder. The Common Council order'd, that Thanks be return'd to Robert Britiffe, Esq; for his good Services, &c. The Election of a Steward was postponed.

HOME PORTS.

London, April 30. Arriv'd the Anna, Anderson, from Christians. Sailed the John and Rachel, Coston, for Frederickshill; the Holly, Hamilton, for Rotterdam.

Wells, May 4. Arriv'd the Robert and Anne, Everit, the Marygold, Loader, both from Rotterdam. Sailed the Warrington, Shotten, the Anne, Battret, the Speedwell, Thompson, the Robert and Mary, Jary, all for Rotterdam; the Elizabeth and Sarah, Stimson, the Clifford, Smith, both for Stockholm.

Yarmouth, May 6. Arriv'd the Success, Thirkettle, the Carolina, Woods, the Walter, Harbord, all from Rotterdam; the Golden Sarah, Baker, from Norway. Sailed the Richard and Mina, Hurst, the Samuel and Sarah, Ives, the Anne and Esther, Wilcocks, the John and Mary, Barnes, the Industry, Tolver, the John, Haye, the Hope, Whyly, the William and Mary, Hickles, the Content, Stephens, the Susanna, Middow, all for Rotterdam.

Weymouth, May 7. Since my last arriv'd the Adventure, Tivroe, and the Loyal Charles, Newman, from London; the Providence, Talbot, from Rye; the John and Elizabeth, Andrews, from Newcastle; and the Jolliffe, Thompson, from Tenby. This Day came in for Water, and failed again, the Britain-Ferry, a Tender to his Majesty's Ship Victory.

Pool, May 7. Wind N. E. Sailed the William and Thomas, Lander, the Unity, Thompson, the Betsey, Glead, the Desire, Wills, and the John and Eliza, Wills, all for London; the Prince George, Stainmore, for Lynn; and the Two Brothers, Floyd, for Guernsey. Pass'd by the Alexander and Isabella, Nicholson, from Leghorn for London. Came in the Providence, Wills, from Newcastle.

Conow, May 7. A Calm. On the 2d fail'd the Maria, Niels, from Arundale for a Market. On the 3d came in from a Cruise, the Anne and Mary, Isreal, a Tender, and fail'd the next Day for Spithead.

Southampton, May 7. Wind N. E. Since my last fail'd the Wilmington, Fry, for Guernsey. This Day arriv'd the New Recovery, Tristram, from Newcastle.

Deal, May 8. Wind N. E. Came down and fail'd the London Merchant, Hill, for Dublin. Remain the Augusta Man of War; the Tryton, Welldon, for Hamburg; the Lyon, Lyon, for Liverpool; and the Transport.

Carried into St. Sebastian's, by the Callamore Privateer, 1. The Friendship, Chambers, from London for Maryland.

2. The Neptune, Tivroe. And, 3. The St. Cecilia, Stewart; both from Lisbon for London.

By the St. Michael.

4. The Three Brothers, Moxam, from Oporto for London.

5. The Charming Molly, New, from Bristol for Nevis.

6. The Betty, Bibby, from Liverpool for Cape de Verd.

By the Loradore.

7. The Prince of Orange, Franclyn, from Portsmouth for Lisbon.

And several other Prizes mentioned before.

LONDON.

The Cardinal Picus de Mirandula is so ill that his Life is despair'd of.

A Body of 13,000 Hungarians are in full March for the Austrian Army in Bohemia.

It is thought the Dyet of the Empire will be very soon transferred from Frankfort to Ratisbon.

The King of Sardinia has ordered his Troops to quit Novarra, in order to reinforce his Army in Piedmont.

Yesterday in the Forenoon died at his Brother's House in the Strand, Mr. Samuel Tonson, youngest Son of the late Mr. Jacob Tonson. He was a young Gentleman of an easy, generous, and compassionate Temper, and is extremely regretted by all who had the Happiness of his Acquaintance.

Yesterday the Lord Mayor held a Wardmore at Cripplegate Church for the Election of an Alderman of the Ward,



Went, in the room of Sir John Williams, Knt. dead, when John Blatchford, Esq. was chosen with the Opposition.

The Books of his Majesty's Ship the Princess Carolina are sent to Portsmouth to pay the Wages due her Company from the 15th of January, 1740, to 15th of June 1741, the Time of their being removed into the Boyne.

The Right Rev. Dr. Edmund Gibson, Lord Bishop of London, and Dean of the Chapel Royal, has appointed Mr. William Richardson, belonging to the Choir at Windsor, to be one of the Gentlemen of the Chapel of the King's Chapel, in the Room of Mr. Thomas M. deceased.

The Right Hon. Sir Charles Wager, Treasurer of his Majesty's Navy, lies dangerously ill, at his House in the King's Road near Chelsea.

We hear that Transports are hired for carrying over Lord Sempie's Regiment of Highlanders to Flanders, as soon as they are reviewed by General Wade.

This Day the Races begin at Epsom.

The Surgeon which was lately sent to the Princess Bridge, was made a Present of to his Royal Highness the Prince of Wales by the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor.

High Water this Day	Morning	Evening
at London-Bridge.	00 00	00 14

Bank Stock, 146 5-8ths to 147. India, 186 1-half to 187. South Sea, 112 1-half. Old Annuity, 113 3-8ths to 1-half. New ditto, 114 1-8th to 1-4th. Three per Cent. Annuities, 101 3-4ths. Ditto 1743, 101 1-4th to 3-8ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, 114 3-4ths. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 82. London Assurance, 11 5-8ths. India Bonds, 4 l. 13 s. to 14 s. Prem. Bank Circulation, 5 l. Prem. Salt Tallow, 102. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, 105 1-half. Three per Cent. ditto, 98. Million Bank, 117. Equivalent, 111. Lottery Tickets, 11 l. 8 s. 6 d.

Admiralty-Office, May 7, 1743.

MY Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty having ordered the Officers and Men of his Majesty's Ship the Boyne to be removed into the Chichester at Plymouth; and the Leave of Absence given to them being expired, it is their Lordships' Direction, that the said Officers and Men do immediately repair on board the Chichester at Plymouth; or else go to Portsmouth, and apply to the Flag Officer, or Commander in Chief, at that Port, who will send them to Plymouth in Tenders. But if any of the said Men fail to comply herewith, they will not only lose their Wages, but Directions will be given for Apprehending, and Trying them at a Court Martial, as Deserters.

Thomas Corbett.

CHINA WARE, &c. by Hand,
To be Sold Very Cheap, the House and Shop to be quitted by the latter End of this Month.

THE Stock late of Messieurs COL-LINSON and LAMPORTS, at the Angel in Cornhill, between the Royal Exchange and Leadenhall-street. Consisting of several Sorts of useful and fashionable China; also some fine Old Japan, Jars, and Beakers, with Flint Glass, and other Goods.

As the Time for Sale is very short, the Lowest Price is fixed on all the Goods. The Glass at 6 d. per Pound.
N. B. The Shelves, Counters, Counting-house, &c. to be Sold Very Cheap.

This Day is published,

In One Volume Folio, Price 1 l. 1 s. bound,
The SIXTH EDITION, corrected and very much enlarg'd, with all the Statutes to 16 Geo. 2. inclusive; and also all Decrees in Chancery, and Resolutions of Common Law Cases relating to this Subject, which have hitherto been publish'd, with an exact Table to the Whole, of

A TREATISE OF TESTAMENTS and LAST WILLS; compiled out of the Laws, Ecclesiastical, Civil and Canon; as also out of the Common Law, Customs and Statutes of this Realm.

- The Whole digested into Seven Parts, viz.
1. What a Testament or Last Will is, and how many Kinds of Testaments there be.
 2. What Persons may make a Testament, and who may not.
 3. Describing what Things, and how much may be dispos'd by Will.
 4. Deciphering the Forms, and in what Manner Testaments or Last Wills be made.
 5. What Person may be Executor of a Testament, or is capable of a Legacy.
 6. Of the Office of an Executor, and of the several Kinds of Executors.
 7. Shewing by what Means Testaments or Last Wills be made.

By HENRY SWINBURNE, sometime Judge of the Prerogative Court of York.

Printed for S. Birt, at the Bible and Ball in Ave Mary Lane; D. Brown, at the Black Swan without Temple-Bar; and J. Shuckburgh, at the Sun in Fleet-street.

Hand-in-Hand Fire-Office.

THE Directors give Notice, That a General Meeting of the Members of the said Society will be held at their Office in Angel-Court on Snow-Hill, on Thursday the 12th Instant, by Three in the Afternoon: Where all who have Insured are desired to be present.

This Day is Published, (Pr. 2 s.)

THE Letters and Negotiations of M. VAN ROEY, Ambassador from the States-General to the Court of France. Containing many Curious Particulars of the Life and Ministry of the late Cardinal Fleury, and other important Incidents relative to the present War, and the Intrigues of the Court of France, Vienna, Prussia, &c.

Translated from the Original.

Printed for John Nourie, at the Lamb without Temple-Bar.

This Day is Published, (Price One Shilling)

ANN BOLEYN to HENRY VIII.

By Mr. WHITEHEAD, of Clare-Hall, Cambridge.

To which is prefixed, The Original Letter, as preserved in the Cotton Library. Printed for R. Doolley in Pall Mall; and Sold by M. Cooper in Pater-noster Row.

Where may be had, by the same Author,
1. The Danger of Writing Verse. An Essay.
2. An Essay on Ridicule.

FOREIGN BOOKS,

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11. Acta Eruditorum Anno 1742. Lipsiae.

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13. Valsalvae Opera omnia. 2 Vol. 4to. Venet 1741.

14. Luciani Opera omnia. Hemsterhusii. 3 Vol. 4to. Amst. 1743.

Of this last there are a few Copies on great Paper.

This Day is published,

With his Majesty's Royal Privilege and Licence, The SECOND EDITION, of

THE Odes, Epodes, and Carmen Seculare of HORACE, Translated into English Prose, as near the Original as the different Idioms of the Latin and English Languages would allow; with the Latin Text in the opposite Page, and Critical, Historical, and Classical Notes, in English, from the best Commentators, both ancient and modern, and a Preface to each Ode, illustrating its Difficulties, and shewing its several Ornaments and Design. Also the Method of Scanning the several Sorts of Verse made use of by Horace, and a Table, shewing at one View of what Sort of Verse each Ode consists. Together with the Latin Text put into Order of Construction.

For the Use of Schools as well as of Private Gentlemen.

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Where may be had,

Horace's Satires, Epistles, and Part of the Art of Poetry, in Latin and English Prose, being Numbers VIII, IX, X, XI, and XII, of Horace's Works.

Number XIII, which finishes the Whole, is in the Press, and will speedily be Publish'd.

TO be peremptorily Sold, pursuant to

a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Robert Holford, Esq. one of the Masters of the said Court, at his Chambers in Symond's-Inn, Chancery-lane, London, on Tuesday the 6th Instant, between the Hours of Five and Seven in the Afternoon, The Capital Mansion-House of Thomas Lewis, Esq. deceased, called St. Fagan's Castle, with the several Manors, Lordships, Royalities and Lands, and large and extensive Jurisdictions thereunto appendant, in the several Parishes or Precincts of St. Fagan, Landaff, Cardiff, Wenvoe, Michael Stone super Ely, Penarth, Llangan, Ewenny, Bedwas, Radir, Penarth, Lavernock, Landock, St. Andrews, Barry, Roath, Colston, Lanishen, Ruddy, Eglwiliam, Llanvabon, Llanvanno, St. John's, St. Mary's, Aberdare, Merthyr, Sidvil, and elsewhere in the County of Glamorgan, and finest Part of South-Wales, formerly granted out upon Fines for three Lives in more than 300 Leaves now subsisting, in many of which are but two Lives, and in some but one Life in being, and the Tenant ready and desirous to renew and pay their respective Fines for fresh Lives. The reserved Annual Rents, and Duties which are annually and punctually paid, amount to near 1700 l. per Annum, clear of all Taxes and Repairs, and exclusive of other Services, Fines and Heriots, many of which are the best Beasts, with Profits and Dues from all Ships or Shipping, Boats, Barges, or any Sort of Vessels riding or anchoring on the Coast of Penarth, Landock, St. Andrews, Barry, and Lavernock, Charter of free Warren over very extensive Commons, in some of which are good Iron, Lead, and Coal Mines, and Quarries of fine Stone, and where great Advantages and Improvements may be made, by enclosing Part of Commons adjoining to several Farms belonging to the several Manors, and with fine Fisheries and Variety of Game. Particulars whereof may be had at the said Master's Chambers.

THE only short and most infallible

Cure in the Universe for the VENEREAL Disease, from the slightest Infection to the most extreme and deplorable Degree of it, even when the Blood and Juices are so roughly contaminated with its malignant Virus, and the very Bones are affected with it.

Fresh Infections, call'd CLAPS, with all their attending Symptoms, tho' ever so severe, are entirely carried off in a few Days, and so as effectually to prevent the Blood and Juices from being tainted with any remaining Relic, on one Hand, or a venereal Gleet or Weakness to happen on the other.

And the most inveterate Degree of the French Illness attended with Nocturnal Pains, universal Breakings, and all the other most exasperated Symptoms, are overcome by it, and effectually and much more safely cured than by Salivation, Inunction, or any other Method whatever, and in so easy and pleasant a Manner, without impairing Strength, or occasioning any Inconvenience, as to bespeak it the only apposite Remedy or true Venereal Antidote in the World; and this some Thousands have their great Joy experienced.

It is pleasant to take, occasions no Sickness or Discomfort requires Confinement; but may be taken, and the Cure accomplished, without the Knowledge of the Med. Friend.

Those who suspect they have received an Injury, by only a Dose or two of it, be perfectly freed from all Apprehensions; for it suffers no lurking Venom to lie in the Body, but wholly extirpates it Root and Branch, in a gentle, easy, and most effectual Manner.

All such likewise as doubt they have some remaining Relicks of former Injuries, may by a few Doses of it entirely free themselves from all Suspicion of that Kind; for it admits no Foulness, Corruption, or Putrefaction whatever, to remain in the Fluids, or to adhere to the Solids; and on Account, in all scorbatick, scrophulous, and even leprous Eruptions or Foulnesses of the Skin, Glandulous Swellings and Impurities of the Juices, it does more by one Dose than any other Medicine yet known can by ten.

The Price of this most Noble AND-SYMMONSON'S is Six Shillings a Pot, which, considering its extraordinary efficacy, one Pot only being sufficient in most Cases to accomplish the Cure, is not a tenth Part of its Value; and is pointed by the Author to be had only at Mr. RAMSAY'S Toyshop, at the Rose and Crown against St. Clements Church-Yard in the Strand, ready sealed up with a Red Instructions, by the Perusal of which, all Persons who ever affected with any Degree of the Venereal Disease, perfectly understand their own Condition, and certainly know when, and when not, the Venereal Poison is rooted out of their Bodies.

Note, Ask only for a Six Shilling Pot for the Scoury.

The most Fam'd and long Experienced Chymical Drops
For ASTHMA's and CONSUMPTIONS,

That have been Sold so many Years, and with such common Success and Benefit to the Publick, by Mr. PARRY and his Predecessors, in Boar's-Head-Court, Fleet-street; and, since Mr. Parry's Decease, have been still are sold in London only by Mr. READ for 3 s. a Vial, at his House in White-Fryars. (N.B. There is just by the Sun Tavern in Fleet-street, and the great Corner House in White-Fryars; JAM. READ, in great Letters, is wrote over the Door.) They are a most Incomparable and never-failing Medicine for the immediate Relief and perfect Cure of the confirmed ASTHMA of the longest standing: And of all Sorts of CONSUMPTIONS, even when far advanced, as not to be cured by any other Medicine in the World.

FOR their Virtues vastly exceed

Things that ever was published, or even known in the whole World, in the Cure of the worst Asthma's and Consumptions of all Sorts, Coughs, Colds, Catarrhs, &c.

They instantly relieve the Patient in the most sufficient Fit of an Asthma, and make a perfect Cure in a very short Time; for they gently open the Breast, and immediately Liberty of Breathing, without danger of taking Cold; admirably allay the Tickling, which provokes frequent Coughing, and take off the uneasy Sensation of acrimonious Humours, cleanse the small Glands, relax the Fibres, and thereby enlarge the Capacities of the Vessels; thus they regularly and quickly Cure the most obstinate Asthma of the longest standing. They speedily and to Admiration cure all Sorts of Consumptions, Ulcers of the Lungs, &c. removing all Obstructions of the Breast, and Lungs, Hoarseness, Wheezing, Soreness, Stenness of Breath, and all the usual Symptoms which attend Beginnings of a Consumption; and, if taken in time, will fallibly prevent one when feared. They are also exceedingly nutritive and strengthening to Persons of weakly Constitution, and have no other sensible Operation than to occasion a good Breathing in the Night.

And by Parity of Reasoning this most excellent Medicine (and is well known to be) the most sovereign Remedy in the World for those troublesome spending Coughs, which many severely troubled with Night and Morning; and also for Chin-Cough, and Hooping-Cough in Children, having seen Thousands; is so agreeable, and so few Drops to a Dose, that Children take them with Pleasure, and without any Confinement.

In short, these unparalleled Chymical Drops are the most infallible Remedy that ever was known (and therefore we detest the faint Efforts of all Counterfeiters or Imitators) for all Ailments above-mentioned, and allowed to be so by the most judicious amongst the Learned in Physick; and confirmed by the largest Experience in private Practice, and are made for the Common Good.

N. B. They are sent to many Parts of the World, particularly to his Majesty's Colonies in the West Indies, &c.

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